***Порядок заполнения бланка для ответов***

***Советы и указания***

Выполнение всех заданий вступительного экзаменационного теста требует

большого внимания. Для правильного понимания изложенного в задании

требования необходимо, во-первых, внимательно прочитать его, и только

потом перейти к выбору правильного ответа. Помните, что из предложенных

вариантов ответов лишь один является правильным, остальные –

неправильными. Учтите, что в заданиях в одних случаях требуется найти

вариант, соответствующий правильному ответу, в других случаях –

неправильному. Поэтому, переходя от выполнения одного задания к другому,

будьте внимательны, чтобы при выполнении избрать верный подход.

Учитесь разумно использовать время. Не тратьте время на долгие

размышления над теми вопросами, ответы на которые не можете подыскать

сразу. Выполняйте те задания теста, в правильности знания которых вы

убеждены. После выполнения этих заданий возвращайтесь к пропущенным

заданиям. Если вы уверены, что время, отпущенное на экзамен подходит к

концу, а вы сомневаетесь в правильности ваших ответов, изберите тот

вариант, правильность которого, на ваш взгляд, является наиболее вероятной.

Помните, что как в случае отсутствия ответа, так и в случае неправильного

ответа вы по существу не получаете балла.

От правильного заполнения бланка зависит ваш экзаменационный балл.

Начинайте работать с черновика, однако не следует забывать, что черновик

не подлежит проверке. Проверяется лишь бланк с ответами.

***Описание теста***

Тест по английскому языку состоит из 3 заданий. Эти задания

составлены с учетом возможности выбора только одного варианта из

предложенных четырех. В случае выбора варианта, совпадающего с

правильным ответом, задание считается выполненным.

После выполнения заданий экзаменующийся должен пометить ответы

в бланке для ответов.

Результаты экзамена по английскому языку будут проверены с

помощью компьютерных программ.

Ответы вступительного теста заносятся в специальные бланки.

Каждый блок заданий состоит из подразделов. Подразделы

указываются цифрами, а варианты ответов - буквами (a,b,c,d). Ответ

каждого подраздела нужно вписывать в помеченный цифрами (1,2,3,4)

столбик, напротив соответствующей буквы.

В случае совершения ошибки абитуриент имеет возможность внести

3 исправления в специально отведенной части бланка. Номер задания

записывается в первой из трех верхних больших клеток, а во второй

и третьей - номера тех подразделов, чьи ответы исправляются.

Количество измененных ответов следует отметить в отдельной клетке

для исправления ошибок.

Просим бережно заполнять бланк, внимательно соблюдая

вышеотмеченные указания.

***I. Прочитать текст и ответить на вопросы, выбрав правильный***

***ответ из предложенных вариантов.***

Задание I проверяет способность понимания содержания связного текста. Включенные в задание вопросы призваны выявить основную идею текста, подробности содержания, а также лексический запас экзаменующегося в целом. Каждый правильный ответ

оценивается в 0,6 балла. Неправильный ответ оценивается в 0 баллов. Общая оценка – 3 балла.

***II. Выбрать правильный***

***ответ из предложенных вариантов.***

Задание II предполагает проверку лексического и грамматического материла на основе тестовых заданий. Он состоит из 12 подразделов. Каждый правильный ответ оценивается в 0,2 балла. Неправильный ответ оценивается в 0 баллов. Общая оценка – 14 баллов.

***III. Перевести на английский язык.***

Задание III рассчитано на систематизацию и обобщение имеющихся знаний.

Каждое правильно составленное предложение оценивается в 0,6 балла.

Общая оценка 3 балла. В случае неправильного употребления глагольной

формы оценка снижается до 0,3 балла. При грамматических ошибках

другого рода или при неправильном подборе слова оценка снижается на 0,2

балла.

***Образец теста***

**I. Read the text and answer the questions choosing the right answer.**

1. Robert Edwards was blinded in an automobile accident nine years ago. He was
2. also partially deaf because of old age. Last week, he was strolling near his home
3. when a thunderstorm approached. He took refuge under a tree and was struck by
4. lightning. He was knocked to the ground and woke up some twenty minutes later,
5. lying face down in water below the tree. He went into the house and lay down in
6. bed. A short time later, he awoke; his legs were numb and he was trembling, but,
7. when he opened his eyes, he could see the clock across the room fading in and out
8. in front of him. When his wife entered, he saw her for the first time in nine years.
9. Doctors confirm that he has regained his sight and hearing, apparently from the
10. flash of lightning, but they are unable to explain the occurrence. The only possible
11. explanation offered by one doctor was that, since Edwards lost his sight as a
12. result of trauma in a terrible accident, perhaps the only way it could be restored
13. was by another trauma.
14. What caused Robert Edwards’s blindness?
15. He was struck by lightning.
16. He was very old.
17. He was in a car accident.
18. He fell down in his yard.
19. What was the first thing that Edwards saw after being struck by lightning?
20. his wife
21. a tree
22. a clock
23. lightning
24. Which of the following statements is **NOT** true?
25. Edwards had been blind for nine years.
26. Edwards was unconscious for twenty minutes after the lightning had struck him.
27. Doctors believe that Edwards was never really blind or deaf.
28. Edwards awoke with his face in a puddle of water.
29. What was Edwards doing when he was struck by lightning?
30. Hiding from the storm under a tree.
31. Climbing a tree.
32. Driving a car.
33. Lying on the ground.
34. What was the reason given by one doctor that Edwards regained his sight?
35. He regained his sight from a head injury when he fell from a tree.
36. He was happy after his wife entered his room for the first time in nine years.
37. The lightning took the feeling from his legs and gave feeling in his eyes.
38. Because the blow that blinded him was very severe, it took another very severe blow to restore his sight.

**II. Choose the right option.**

A lady arrived late at the concert and the man at the door 1 \_\_\_\_\_ her in. "I 2\_\_\_\_\_ anybody. I'll stand in the back and nobody 3\_\_\_\_\_ my coming in," she asked the man. "I especially 4\_\_\_\_\_ to hear the symphony of the young composer. Just open the door." "That's the trouble, madam," said the man. "If I 5\_\_\_\_\_ the door, half the audience will run out."

1. a) won't let b) doesn't let c) wasn't let d) didn't let

2. a) shall not disturb b) did not disturb c) have not disturbed d) am not disturbing

3. a) doesn't notice b) will notice c) won't notice d) has noticed

4. a) am wanting b) will want c) have wanted d) want

5. a) will open b) opened c) open d) am opening

Dear sir,

I 6\_\_\_\_\_ to inquire about an item which 7\_\_\_\_\_ on one of your buses on Monday, June 6 about 6:30 p.m. When I got off I 8\_\_\_\_\_ that one of my suitcases 9\_\_\_\_\_. It was a dark brown leather suitcase with metallic handles. There were some important documents in it. If you 10\_\_\_\_\_ my suitcase, please, contact me on 661-499.

Yours faithfully, a passenger.

6. a) shall write b) am writing c) wrote d) have written

7. a) left b) was left c) was leaving d) had been left

8. a) was realizing b) had realized c) was realized d) realized

9. a) was missed b) was missing c) had missed d) missed

10. a) would find b) have been found c) have found d) will find

**Fill in the blanks with the word form that best fits each space.**

We live in a new residential area on the outskirts of London. It is a quiet 11\_\_\_\_\_, which makes a nice change after living in one of the noisiest suburbs of London for many years. The house is set in beautiful surroundings though there is one fairly major environmental problem: a chemical factory about five miles away in the 12 \_\_\_\_\_ zone. Unfortunately, the waste from the factory has caused serious pollution of the atmosphere and the river. Another 13\_\_\_\_\_ is the night life - there isn't any. If you want entertainment, you have to invent it yourself or drive into 14\_\_\_\_\_ London, with all the hassle of finding a 15\_\_\_\_\_ parking space. Luckily, it is only five minutes' walk from our house to the nearest underground station.

11. a) neighbourly b) neighbourhood c) neighbour d) neighbouring

12. a) industry b) industrialize c) industrialist d) industrial

13. a) advantage b) advantageous c) disadvantage d) disadvantageously

14. a) centre b) central c) centred d) centralisation

15. a) suitable b) suitability c) suit d) suitably

**Choose the appropriate option.**

16. "I haven't passed my driving test." "\_\_\_\_\_."

a) So haven't I b) Neither have I c) Neither I do d) So I haven't

17. These jeans are very old. I need to buy \_\_\_\_\_.

a) a new ones b) some new ones c) the new ones d) new one

18. "Have you got any news for me?" "I regret \_\_\_\_\_ you that you haven't been appointed to the post."

a) to tell b) telling c) tell d) have told

19. "How many hours should I spend on my training?" "The more you work \_\_\_\_\_ it is."

a) the best b) the better c) as better d) best

20. "\_\_\_\_\_ take the children out for a walk." "You are right."

a) You had better

b) You had better to

c) You would better

d) You would rather to

**Choose the correct option for direct/indirect speech.**

21. *The* gardener said: “Has anybody touched these flowers?”

a) The gardener wondered if anybody had touched those flowers.

b) The gardener wanted to know if somebody had touched those flowers.

c) The gardener asked whether anybody touched these flowers.

d) The gardener asked had anybody touched those flowers.

22. *“Emily, when are you going to buy a new computer?” I asked.*

a) I told Emily when she was going to buy a new computer.

b) I asked Emily when was she going to buy a new computer.

c) I asked when Emily was going to buy a new computer.

d) I asked Emily when she was going to buy a new computer.

23. *Aunt Barbara asked if I had spoken to my boss the previous week.*

a) “Did you speak to your boss the previous week?” asked Aunt Barbara.

b) “Did you speak to your boss last week?” asks Aunt Barbara.

c) “Did you speak to your boss last week?” asked Aunt Barbara.

d) Aunt Barbara asked him: “Did you speak to your boss last week?”

24. *“Please, don’t ask me any questions, Rod! I am busy now,” asks Dad.*

a) Dad asked Rod not to ask him any questions as he was busy then.

b) Dad asks Rod not to ask him any questions as he is busy now.

c) Dad asked that Rod didn’t ask him any questions as he was busy then.

d) Dad asks that Rod doesn’t ask him any questions as he is busy now.

25. *“Why didn’t you phone us yesterday?” Christopher asked.*

a) Christopher wanted to know why didn’t I phone them the previous day.

b) Christopher asked why I hadn’t phoned them yesterday.

c) Christopher wondered why hadn’t I phoned them the day before.

d) Christopher wanted to know why I hadn’t phoned them the day before.

26. *“I have important talks today,” says the office manager.*

a) The office manager says he has important talks today.

b) The office manager says he had important talks that day.

c) The office manager said he had important talks that day.

d) The office manager tells he has important talks today.

27. *The music teacher said we would enjoy the concert as Iglesias is a great singer.*

a) The music teacher said: “You would enjoy the concert. Iglesias was a great singer.”

b) The music teacher asked: “You’ll enjoy the concert. Iglesias is a great singer.”

c) The music teacher said: “Will you enjoy the concert? Iglesias is a great singer.”

d) The music teacher said: “You’ll enjoy the concert. Iglesias is a great singer.”

28. *“Roland, will you go to Lee’s party tomorrow?” asked Debby.*

a) Roland asked whether Debby would go to Lee’s party the next day.

b) Debby asked Roland if he will go to Lee’s party the following day.

c) Debby asked Roland if he would go to Lee’s party the following day.

d) Debby asked whether Roland will go to Lee’s party tomorrow.

29. *The babysitter said: “Don’t sit the baby here, Irene! It’s not safe.”*

a) The babysitter told Irene not to sit the baby here as it’s not safe.

b) The babysitter told Irene not to sit the baby there and it was not safe.

c) The babysitter warned Irene not to sit the baby there as it was not safe.

d) The babysitter ordered Irene not to sit the baby here as it was not safe.

30. *The fire-fighter said: “Don’t enter the building. It’s dangerous.”*

a) The fire-fighter said that I didn’t enter the building as it’s dangerous.

b) The fire-fighter told me to enter the building but it was dangerous.

c) The fire-fighter ordered to me not to enter the building as it was dangerous.

d) The fire-fighter warned me not to enter the building as it was dangerous.

31. *"I spent all my pocket money yesterday," Alice said.*

a) Alice said that she would spend all her pocket money the day before.

b) Alice complained that she had spent all her pocket money the previous day.

c) Alice said that she spent all her pocket money the day before.

d) Alice said to us that she spent all her pocket money the day before.

**Fill in each gap with an appropriate word from the list below.**

32. Australia is quite an easy place for tourists to visit. So tourist facilities at the most popular destinations are well-developed and information is simple to \_\_\_\_\_.

Travelling with young children is especially easy as Australia’s population is young and big families are \_\_\_\_\_, so children can be taken almost everywhere. Besides, Australians are usually \_\_\_\_\_ to help visitors who ask for advice, and are generous with their hospitality.

Before organising a trip it is reasonable to consider Australian school holidays. Throughout these periods, airline or hotel reservations at major tourist destinations can be difficult unless you plan a long way in advance.

Flights in and out of the country as well as those between main Australian cities are usually\_\_\_\_\_ beforehand.

1.obtain 2.reluctantly 3.booked 4.borrowed 5.willing 6.common

**Choose the correctly formulated questions.**

33**.** 1. He had the kitchen knives sharpened, didn’t he?

2. How did you like my new apartment?

3. Do you think was he surprised to see her in the hotel?

4. Has been Ted working for this corporation for two years?

5. The twins cry all night, aren’t they?

34**.** 1. Mark’s got a nice motor-bike, isn’t he?

2. John had his laptop repaired, hadn’t he?

3. Are you going to Palm Springs or to Palm Beach*?*

4. Can you tell me what do Armenians usually have for breakfast?

5. Are checks and balances an important concept in the formation of the US system of

government?

35**.** 1. Is it the second time you have taken this test, isn’t it?

2. What do you do that is good for your mental health?

3. There’s been a lot of snow recently, isn’t there?

4. How many hours a day do the sportsmen have to train?

5. Is Sarah considered to be the best player in your team?

36. 1. Did they make the enemy withdraw the troops from the city or not?

2. Coldrex is considered to reduce temperature or not?

3. Your brother’s fond of westerns, hasn’t he?

4. There’s hardly any money left, is there?

5. Did you use to live in a house before you moved into this flat?

37. 1. Which University does your elder sister study at?

2. Is the church at the end of the street catholic or it isn’t?

3. How do you get to school: by car or on foot?

4. He’s been working in this company for six years, isn’t he?

5. I am slenderer now than I was three years ago, aren’t I?

38. 1. I suppose everybody likes this author, don’t I?

2. Which of you would like to take part in the race?

3. There’s somebody waiting for you, hasn’t there?

4. The rugby match was postponed, wasn’t it?

5. Is it you who wants to speak to the boss?

39. 1. Do you think the owl can see at night?

2. Are the children back from school yet?

3. This fast car can do 350 kilometers an hour, can’t this?

4. How many times have you been to that museum?

5. Did you sign yesterday the contract?

40. 1. He’s got a web camera on his mobile phone, doesn’t he?

2. Let’s go to Scotland in July, will you?

3. Can your brother render this text in English or you can?

4. Aren’t you fed up with eating bacon and eggs every morning?

5. Do you think we are doing the right thing?

41. 1. Why do most people on holiday go in summer?

2. The most unusual animals can be seen in this zoo, don’t they?

3. Why do you think Ruby wants to talk to me?

4. Do you think horses eat lobsters?

5. You’d like to see Speaker’s Corner in Hyde Park, wouldn’t you?

42. 1. This kind of weather gets people down, doesn’t it?

2. I am a better programmer now than I was two years ago, am not I?

3. Do you have any idea what vegetables grow in this part of the country?

4. What do you think he has to do to return her?

5. It’s twelve years since they moved to this district, isn’t it?

**Match the words and their definitions.**

43.

A) Adequate 1) successful financially

B) Prosperous 2) the same in size, number, standard or value

C) Equal 3) enough in quantity, or good enough in quality for a

D) Enormous particular purpose or need

4) small in size

5) extremely large in size or amount

**Choose the right option.**

44. Spiders are not insects, as many people think. \_\_\_\_\_, they are not even related to them.

a) Even though b) Consequently c) Moreover d) However

45. When \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is not known.

a) inventing the wheel

b) was the wheel invented

c) the invention of the wheel

d) the wheel was invented

46. The type of clothing people wear tells others a lot about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

a) who are they b) who they are c) where they are d) where are they

47. They know the risks of swimming with sharks, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ they insist on doing it.

a) accordingly b) consequently c) yet d) as a result

48. Most folk songs are ballads \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ have simple words and tell simple stories.

a) that b) what c) who d) when

49. Parrots can live in temperate or even cold climates, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ they are tropical birds.

a) but b) despite c) even though d) nevertheless

50. Owls can hunt in total darkness \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ their remarkably keen sense of smell.

a) however b) since c) because of d) therefore

51. The tennis match planned for tomorrow will take place\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) as if it was raining

b) and it doesn’t rain

c) but it doesn’t rain

d) as long as it doesn’t rain

52. He had no sooner opened the door of his flat \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) as if something strange he felt

b) then he felt something strange

c) if he felt something stranger

d) than he felt something strange

53. I didn’t agree with him \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) so I went on listening to him willingly

b) though I didn’t listen to him

c) but I went on listening to him willingly

d) if I didn’t listen to him

54. The household vacuum cleaner was first mass-produced by William Henry Hoover; \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, it is now commonly referred to as a 'hoover'.

a) besides  b) otherwise  c) whereas  d) therefore

**Choose the odd word.**

55. The most sensible travelers always find some comfortable place and to spend a good time.

a) the b) some c) and d) good

56. It's a pity you couldn't have come to the cinema yesterday. The film was really fantastic!

a) a b) have c) the d) really

57. In 1791 Quebec was divided into two sections, Upper Canada and Lower Canada, they both of which were ruled by elected assemblies.

a) was b) they c) which d) were

58. In the United States, where water treatment is generally the responsibility of municipal governments.

a) the b) where c) treatment d) generally

**Choose the correctly formulated Passive constructions.**

59. 1. A new play is being staged at the Drama theatre.

2. The doctor was immediately sent for.

3. That work needn’t have done in haste.

4. Crocodiles are found in swamps and slow-moving rivers of warm countries.

5. The picture had painted in dull colours.

60. 1. These LCD television-sets are made by a German firm.

2. Suddenly somebody took me by the hand.

3. He had to do the work all by himself.

4. His monotonous and boring lecture wasn’t being listened to with interest.

5. In later years, the plot of *Gayane* was modified several times.

61. 1.The masterpiece had painted in oil paint.

2.Have all intelligent thoughts been already thought?

3. The Dean was spoken to on the subject.

4. Everything will be arranged by the time he comes.

5. The work had done in haste.

62. 1. In the 19th century, high heels were introduced into the USA.

2. The girl’s earrings are made of silver.

3. Flies buzz by beating the air with their wings.

4. Plums are said to decrease your thirst on a hot day.

5. He will have to work all night to finish the report.

63. 1. Purchases are paid for at the door.

2. The picture painted by Picasso was sold at a very high price.

3. A report on Modern Linguistics had made by Mr Porter.

4. Carrots are widely used in many cuisines, especially in salads.

5. Archeologists have found evidence of cosmetics or make-up used in Egypt.

64. 1. The Egyptians used henna to stain their fingernails.

2. We shall have moved to a new flat by your arrival.

3. The flying object was seen to disappear in the sky.

4. This heavy hammer must have been made of iron.

5. Portions of the *Requiem* were composed by Mozart during his final years in Vienna.

65. 1. Nail polish can be traced back to at least 3000 BC.

2. These extravagant dresses were made by a custom tailor.

3. Nail color used to represent social class.

4. His old note-books are thrown away at the end of the school year.

5. Mark had been very regular in his work.

66. 1.The same question was repeated to him several times.

2. He had knocked down by a lorry.

3. Jane’s cousin will be allowed to take part in the race.

4. Rich in fibre, a green kiwi helps improve digestion.

5. During the Chou Dynasty (600 BC), gold and silver were considered to be the royal

colors.

**Fit the missing sentences into the gaps of the following texts.**

67. I decided to visit a fortune-teller called Madam Brown. Her colorful tent was in a village fair. I went into her tent and she told me to sit down. She looked very strange, and there was a smell of unusual herbs. I gave her the money she asked for.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. “A relation of yours is coming to see you. She will be arriving this evening. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. You will be happy to hear that as you haven’t seen her for so long. The moment you leave this tent you will get a big surprise. A woman you know well will rush towards you. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. That is all.”

As soon as I went outside I forgot all about the fortune-teller as my wife rushed towards me. “Where have you been hiding?” she asked impatiently. “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. She is going to spend the weekend with us.” As she walked away I followed her out of the fair.

1) She was surprised and refused to do anything for me.

2) Moreover, she intends to stay for a few days.

3) But then I changed my mind and did not enter the tent.

4) She smiled and looked into the crystal ball.

5) She will tell you something urgent, and you will leave the fair in a great hurry.

6) Your sister will be here soon, and we must be at the station to meet her.

68. Once a poor flower-girl, quite by chance, overheard a conversation between two gentlemen. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. He was saying to the other that he could teach an uneducated person to speak good English. The girl was very much interested in what they were talking about. She tried to hear every word.

The fact was that she had been thinking for a long time of learning to speak correctly, and now she saw an excellent chance for herself. If she improved her manner of speaking, the owners of the big flower shop would give her a job. She asked the two gentlemen to buy a few flowers from her and tried to speak to them but they didn`t listen to her and soon went away.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The professor was very much surprised. At first he refused to teach her, saying that it was no use even to try, but then he agreed.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. She couldn`t produce proper English sounds and was tired to do endless exercises. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. She took a great interest in her lessons and never missed a chance of practicing the sounds. As a result her English became so good that the people who met her thought that she was a real lady.

1) The man boasted that he could speak six languages.

2) The very first lesson proved that the girl was unusually talented.

3) One of the gentlemen was a professor of phonetics.

4) But soon the professor discovered that she was a clever girl.

5) The results of the first lesson were poor.

6) The next day the girl came to the professor`s house and asked him to give her lessons.

**Match the beginning and the end of the sentences.**

69.

A) Look at that funny monkey 1. you will hurt yourself.

B) Be careful or 2. look at myself in the mirror.

C) Susan has bought 3. scratching itself.

D) I want to see 4. himself a car.

5. a new dress for herself.

6. the headmaster.

70.

A) That Tony never helps with the cleaning 1. must have been a shock.

B) To see potential problems in advance 2. was absolutely ridiculous.

C) To discover that your passport was missing 3. is very important in my job.

D) That people can eat such unhealthy food 4. really annoys everyone.

and live so long 5. was a great disadvantage.

6. always amazes me.

**III. Translate into English.**

1. Завтра я уезжаю загород на два дня. Как только вернусь, я вам позвоню.

2. Я надеюсь, что они отремонтируют дорогу к тому времени, когда мы вернемся сюда следующим летом.

3. Это не самая лучшая гостиница в городе, не так ли? Я лучше поищу другую.

4. Я целую вечность не была в кино. Я часто ходила в кино, когда была студенткой.

5. Никто не может заставить меня выйти из дому в такую дождливую погоду.

1. Վաղը ես երկու օրով մեկնում եմ քաղաքից դուրս: Հենց որ վերադառնամ, կզանգահարեմ ձեզ:

2. Հուսով եմ, որ նրանք վերանորոգած կլինեն ճանապարհը, մինչ մենք վերադառնանք այստեղ հաջորդ ամառ:

3. Սա քաղաքի ամենալավ հյուրանոցը չէ, այնպես չէ՞: Ավելի լավ է փնտրեմ մեկ ուրիշը:

4. Երկար ժամանակ է կինոյում չեմ եղել: Ես հաճախ էի կինո գնում, երբ ուսանող էի:

5. Ոչ ոք չի կարող ինձ ստիպել դուրս գալ տնից այսպիսի անձրևոտ եղանակին:

**Keys to Test 6**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **I.** | **1** | **2** | **3** | **4** | **5** |
| **A** |  |  |  | **√** |  |
| **B** |  |  |  |  |  |
| **C** | **√** | **√** | **√** |  |  |
| **D** |  |  |  |  | **√** |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **II.** | **1** | **2** | **3** | **4** | **5** | **6** | **7** | **8** | **9** | **10** | **11** | **12** | **13** | **14** | **15** |
| **A** |  | **√** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **√** |
| **B** |  |  | **√** |  |  | **√** | **√** |  | **√** |  | **√** |  |  | **√** |  |
| **C** |  |  |  |  | **√** |  |  |  |  | **√** |  |  | **√** |  |  |
| **D** | **√** |  |  | **√** |  |  |  | **√** |  |  |  | **√** |  |  |  |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **II.** | **16** | **17** | **18** | **19** | **20** | **21** | **22** | **23** | **24** | **25** | **26** | **27** | **28** | **29** | **30** |
| **A** |  |  | **√** |  | **√** | **√** |  |  |  |  | **√** |  |  |  |  |
| **B** | **√** | **√** |  | **√** |  |  |  |  | **√** |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **C** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **√** |  |  |  |  | **√** | **√** |  |
| **D** |  |  |  |  |  |  | **√** |  |  | **√** |  | **√** |  |  | **√** |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **II.** | **31** | **32** | **33** | **34** | **35** | **36** | **37** | **38** | **39** | **40** | **41** | **42** | **43** | **44** | **45** |
| **A** |  | **2** | **1** | **1** | **3** | **2** | **1** | **1** | **2** | **4** | **3** | **3** | **1** |  |  |
| **B** | **√** | **1** | **6** | **2** | **5** | **4** | **4** | **3** | **4** | **5** | **4** | **4** | **3** |  |  |
| **C** |  | **6** | **5** |  |  | **5** | **5** | **5** | **5** |  | **5** | **5** | **4** | **√** |  |
| **D** |  | **4** | **3** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **5** |  | **√** |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **II.** | **46** | **47** | **48** | **49** | **50** | **51** | **52** | **53** | **54** | **55** | **56** | **57** | **58** | **59** | **60** |
| **A** |  |  | **√** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **1** | **1** |
| **B** | **√** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **√** | **√** | **√** | **2** | **4** |
| **C** |  | **√** |  | **√** | **√** |  |  | **√** |  | **√** |  |  |  | **4** | **5** |
| **D** |  |  |  |  |  | **√** | **√** |  | **√** |  |  |  |  |  |  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **II.** | **61** | **62** | **63** | **64** | **65** | **66** | **67** | **68** | **69** | **70** |
| **A** | **2** | **1** | **1** | **3** | **1** | **1** | **4** | **3** | **3** | **4** |
| **B** | **3** | **2** | **2** | **4** | **2** | **3** | **2** | **6** | **1** | **3** |
| **C** | **4** | **4** | **4** | **5** | **4** | **5** | **5** | **5** | **5** | **1** |
| **D** |  |  |  |  |  |  | **6** | **4** | **6** | **6** |